Key Vocabulary:



Conscience



Court



Crime





Deterrent





Innocent



Justice





Lawyer



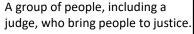
Parliament

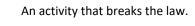
reformation

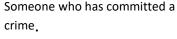


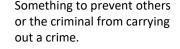
retribution

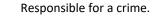
A persons own understanding of what is right or wrong.

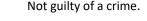


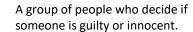


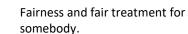


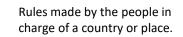


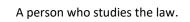


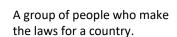




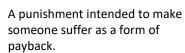






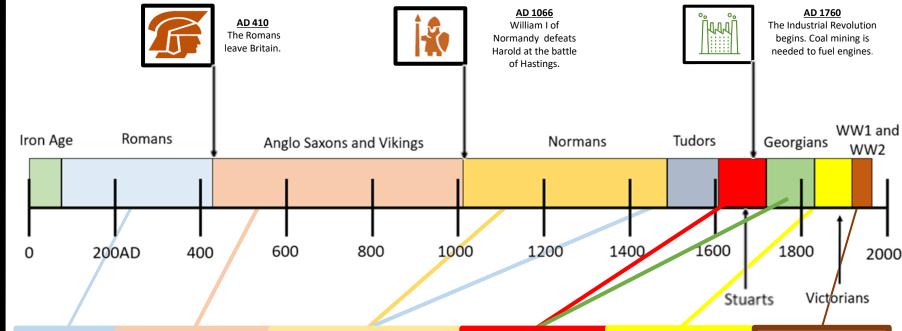


The act of changing and improving someone.



Who makes the rules? Crime and punishment in Britain

Historical context



Romans

- Very detailed legal system with laws, courts and juries.
- No police. People had to solve crimes for themselves.
- Different punishments for slaves and citizens.

Anglo-Saxons and Vikings

- Instead of punishment, criminals had to pay the victim money known as Weregild. No police – villages
- were divided into 10 households called tithings who made sure that wrongdoers were brought to justice Trials by ordeal,

combat and water

were used if there

wasn't enough

evidence of a crime.

Medieval and Tudor

- Trials by jury. Churches had their own courts.
- After Henry VIII there were lots of disagreements about religion. Anyone who disagreed with the changes were burned at the stake.

AD 1215

Trials by ordeal, combat and water were no longer used.

AD 1494

Homelessness is made a crime.

AD 1542

Henry VIII makes witchcraft punishable by death.

Early modern

- Smugglers and highwaymen become common.
- Punishments were harsh.

AD 1605

The "Gunpowder Plotters", led by Guy Fawkes attempted to blow up the Houses of Parliament.

AD 1610

Transportation to America as a punishment begins.

Victorian

- Highwaymen were less common. - Public hangings continued until 1868.
- Prisons were developed as an answer to the end of transportation.
- Workhouses were introduced.

AD 1829

The metropolitan police force become the first professional police force in Britain.

20th and 21st Centuries

- Many new crimes due to new technology
- ASBOs, community service, probation and electronic tagging introduced.

AD 1920

Women first allowed to be part of the jury in court.

AD 1965

The death penalty is abolished in the UK.