## UKULELES- WIDER OPPS - SKILLS DEVELOPMENT 1-15 WEEK PLAN

OBJECTIVES	LEARNING PATHWAY	NEW VOCABULARY	REPERTOIRE
Keep a steady Beat	Introduced using songs, chants and musical games that emphasise a strong sense	BEAT	In Dulcie Jubilo
	of pulse. We discuss how the basis of all musicianship is founded on a steady beat	PULSE	Ebeneezer Sneezer
	and what happens if this goes wrong!	TEMPO	Up the ladder
Understand	Explore the relationship between beat and rhythm again using songs and chants	RHYTHM	Coca Cola chant
Rhythm	and musical games. We also introduce basic rhythmic symbols and terminology	TA TE TE TA-AA AND SH	Mr Noe Cuckoo
MUSICAL NOTATION	using the koday method .	BAR/BARLINE	
Understand Pitch	Initially introduced through song and active listening, but the concept is	PITCH	Pachabel Canon in D
MUSICAL NOTATION	developed as we learn to play different strings and chords on the ukulele. We		Hello Everybody
LISTENING	explore the relationship between the pitches and use this to anticipate the		Carnival of the Animals –
	change in pitch without aural prompting using the solfa handsigns (koday		visual
	method). We continue to develop this as we learn how to anticipate a melody		
	line in new songs.		
Establish correct posture	To gain an understanding of the principles of how the ukulele works in relation to	Strings/head/body/neck	My Ukulele has a body
and holding the	strings/tension/tuning pegs and how vibration produces the sound over the	Tuning pegs	song
instrument correctly	sound hole in the instrument. We discuss how tightening and loosening of each	Sound hole	
INSTRUMENTAL	individual string can affect the pitch and overall sound of the chords and notes	Bridge/nut/frets	
PERFORMING	being produced.		
Understand Chord box	We explain how to produce a chord using the fretboard and placing fingers in the	FRET	Ukulele Magic bk 1 and 2
notation	correct fret position. The initial phase relies on a combination of stickers to help	CHORD BOX	C chord – I don't care
NOTATION	recognise and reinforce where to put our fingers in conjunction with an	STRINGS	Am – Autumn leave
	explanation of the chord box notation for the ukulele.	PITCH	F – Pelicans
	Each new chord requires a progressively more difficult finger positioning. Initially	KEY	F to C – Down the
	starting with an open string chord (no fingers) we rapidly move through the basic		Missippi
	one finger chords from C to Am and C7, then 2 finger chords F and sometimes to a		C/F/G7 – Clap Clap song
	3 finger G7 chord. Once these have been placed in the the auto recall of our		
	memory we begin to introduce more complex pieces, starting with 1 finger chord		
	changes within the same piece using a basic repeating chord pattern.		

Musicality	- We discuss standard musical terminology and the impact it can have on our	DYNAMICS	Stacatto- legato
PERFORMING	performance i.e loud or soft /short or long notes –	PIANO/FORTE	B R Raco
	Each child will perform in a final concert. Some may be given an opportunity to	STACATTO/LEGATO	
	play or sing either a solo or in a smaller group.	CRESCENDO	
		DECRESCENDO	
Appreciate Musical	We listen to various pieces of music and discuss how the piece are put together	STRUCTURE	Stacatto-legato
Structure	introducing basic concepts such as repeats/verse/chorus/section ABA etc. This is	REPEAT	B R Raco
NOTATION	demonstrated through the use of songs/clapping games/playing pieces on our	CHORUS	Clap clap song
LISTENING	ukuleles.	VERSE	
Developing an	Initially this will be achieved by splitting the children into 2 groups to play or sing	OSTINATO	I'd like to say Hello
Independent Musical Ear	in a round or with the use of an Ostinato (repeated pattern). It is developed in our	ROUND	
PERFORMING	rhythmic work with multiple groups performing different patterns at the same	CANON	
SINGING	time and is also demonstrated in multi-layered songs.		
	Children are encouraged to lead an independent part by themselves.		
Begin to compose and	We begin by adding our own actions and rhythms to a familiar piece of music	NOTATION	Maple leaf Rag
improvise own music	(improvising). Using basic building blocks – already learnt Ta Te Te and sh,	COMPOSITION	Find another way
IMPROVISE	children will be encouraged to write their own rhythms or improvise a differing	IMPROVISE	
COMPOSE	strumming pattern on their ukulele .		
	They will then perform their own composition to the rest of the class.		